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Title of Document: Downtown Norfolk Streetscape Handbook

Prepared By: Jonathan Barnett and James Urban

Prepared For: City of Norfolk

Date of Preparation: September 1995 (Modified January 1998)

Status (as of January 2012): No action taken by City Council to adopt these guidelines.

Some actions reaffirmed by City Council in 2009.

Civic League(s)/Organization(s) Affected: Downtown, Freemason Street Area

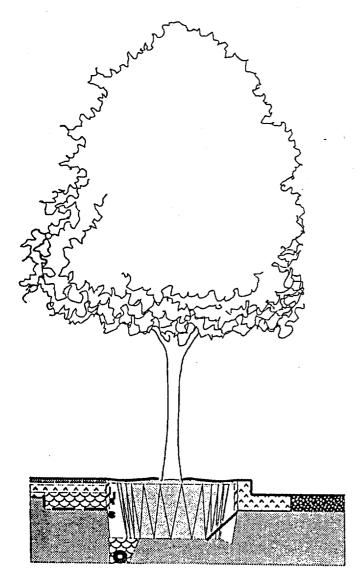
Association

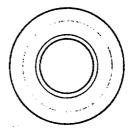
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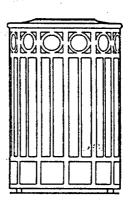
Downtown Norfolk

Streetscape Handbook

Modifications January, 1998

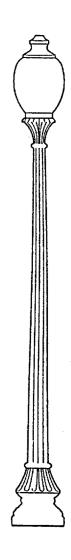






Prepared for the City of Norfolk Virginia by Jonathan Barnett, FAIA, AICP and James Urban, ASLA

September 1995



Modifications to Downtown Norfolk Streetscape Handbook

In September 1995, the City of Norfolk published the "Downtown Norfolk Streetscape Handbook" which established standards for the construction of new sidewalks and street improvements in the downtown area of the city. After building sections of Granby Street, designing additional sections of Boush Street and working with the standards as they relate to MacArthur Center, the city no longer believes that it can afford to build the remaining portions of downtown to these standards and has requested that modifications be made to reduce cost. The following modifications have been proposed to achieve the needed cost reductions. These modifications are presented as addendum to the adopted handbook.

Summary of changes:

The modifications to the standards generally include six items.

- 1. Changing the secondary street sidewalk paving from brick to concrete.
- 2. Changing the boulevard verges from brick paving to lawn.
- 3. Changing Plume Street from a primary street to a secondary street and eliminating the requirement for a designated street tree species.
- 4. Allowing greater flexibility to street tree placement on secondary streets, eliminating trees in many areas and making the spacing random in others.
- 5. Modifying the root space detail on secondary streets to permit alternate methods of including rooting under sidewalks.
- 6. Widening the tree spacing on all streets to a maximum of 40' on center.

Page 2 Table of Contents

Column Two, Line 2

Delete: Sidewalk Plan, Boulevard with Brick Verge

Insert: Boulevard with Grass Verge

Column Two, Line 6

Delete: Enlarged Boulevard Sidewalk Plan, Showing Brick Verge, Grass Verge

Insert: Revised Sidewalk Plan, Secondary Streets, Concrete Paving

Column Two, Line 8

Delete: Sidewalk Plan, Boulevard with Grass Verge

Insert: Sidewalk Plan, Secondary Streets, Tree in Concrete Paving

After Column Two, Line 21

Insert: Sidewalk Plan, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Structural Plant Mix

Plan, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Structural Plant Mix

Section, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Structural Plant Mix Perpendicular to Curb

Section, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Structural Plant Mix Parallel to Curb

Sidewalk Plan, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Root Paths

Plan, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Root Paths

Section, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Root Paths Perpendicular to Curb

Section, Secondary Streets, Tree Planting, Alternative Root Space, Root Paths Parallel to Curb

Detail, Root Paths

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Brick Paving with Planted Verge

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Details, Standard Brick Paving

Catch Basin Plan and Section

Curb Ramp

Area Plan, Brick Crosswalks

Plan and Section of Brick Crosswalk

14 Variations in the Downtown Paving Standard to Meet Special Conditions

Area Plan, Paving Types

Sidewalk Plan, Main Street District

Main Street Paving and Tree Opening Plan

Intersection Plan, Main Street and

Standard Brick Paving

Sidewalk Plan, Granby Street District

Intersection Plan, Granby Street and

Standard Brick Paving

Plan, Granby Street Paving and

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Details, Granby Street District Curbs

Sidewalk Plan, Boulevard with

Brick Verge

Intersection Plan, Boulevard and

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Enlarged Boulevard Sidewalk Plan,

Showing Brick Verge, Grass Verge

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in the Optional Verge

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Tree Planting Modifications,

Main Street District

-- INSERT

36 Lighting and Street Furniture

Area Plan, Lighting Types

Elevations of Street Lights

Elevation and Top of Standard

Trash Receptacle

The Downtown Paving Standard

Page 5
Delete: Column 2, Paragraph 2, Line 17 as indicated:
Insert: 30 to 40 feet

The Downtown Paving Standard

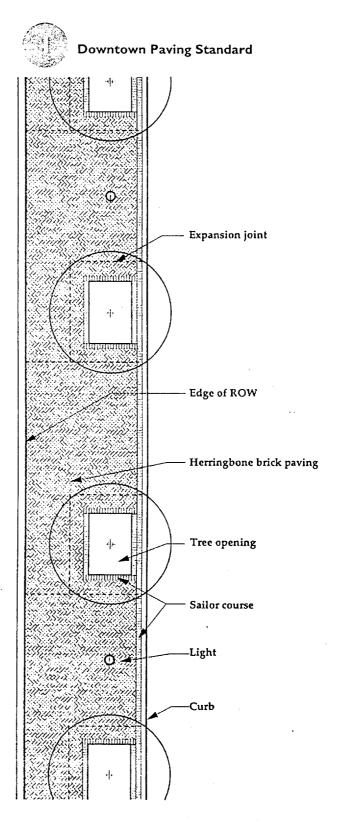
The sidewalk plan [1] shows the basic downtown paving standard, a brick sidewalk consisting of Cherokee light range brick, wire cut, tight set, and laid in a herring-bone pattern over concrete. The 1987 Main Street paving design included an ornamental granite verge and a cast-iron tree grate, both of which have been eliminated from the current standard. The herring-bone brick pattern is the same as the design as built on Main Street, but adds a single header or "sailor" course, hand set (except adjacent to the tree opening where it should be set in mortar), at the edge of the sidewalk nearest the curb, replacing the granite verge. Instead of a tree-grate, the soil in the tree-opening is covered by a light-weight, gravel mulch, or the tree opening can be planted with ground cover, if this alternative is approved by the Department of Recreation, Parks and General Services. These

changes, including the

improved planting details

described later in this document, reduce the over-all unit cost per linear foot of the sidewalk and tree installation by about 40%; while achieving a comparable quality of design.

Tree openings are to be 8 feet in the dimension parallel to the curb, and should be 5' 6" wide wherever sidewalk width permits. No tree opening should be less than 4' wide, except, perhaps, where sidewalks are unusually narrow and the exception is approved by the Design Review Committee and the City Planning Commission. Tree openings should be regularly spaced, with trees 25 to 30 feet on center. Light poles, as needed to meet lighting requirements, should be placed in a regular pattern on the center-line of the tree openings, and at the mid point between tree openings-or as close as possible to the midpoint if site conditions make exact placement impossible.



Variations in the Downtown Paving Standard to Meet Special Conditions

Page 14

Delete: Column 2, Paragraph 2:

Insert: 3. Downtown perimeter streets or boulevards will have concrete sidewalks with grass verges. Narrow secondary streets will have concrete sidewalks.

Delete: Illustration 14: Area Plan- Paving Types

Insert: Illustration 14: Revised Area Plan-Paving Types

Variations in the Downtown Paving Standard to Meet Special Conditions

The map [14] shows the locations for 3 variations in the paving standards for downtown sidewalks.

- 1. Streets currently having granite verges will remain essentially the same as the design that can be found on Main Street now, except that tree grates will be omitted and the planting openings enlarged.
- 2. The Granby Street district, where street grades were changed to permit the construction of a pedestrian mall that at one time replaced the usual street right-of-way,

Area Plan-Paving Types

will require somewhat different construction methods as sidewalks and streets are brought into conformity with the downtown standards.

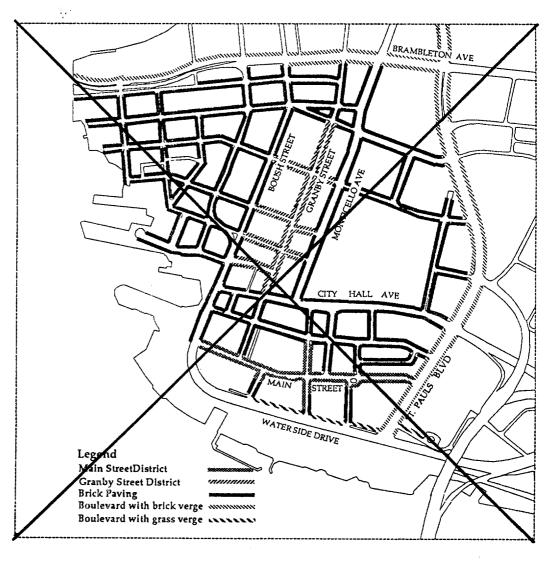
3. Downtown perimeter streets or boulevards will

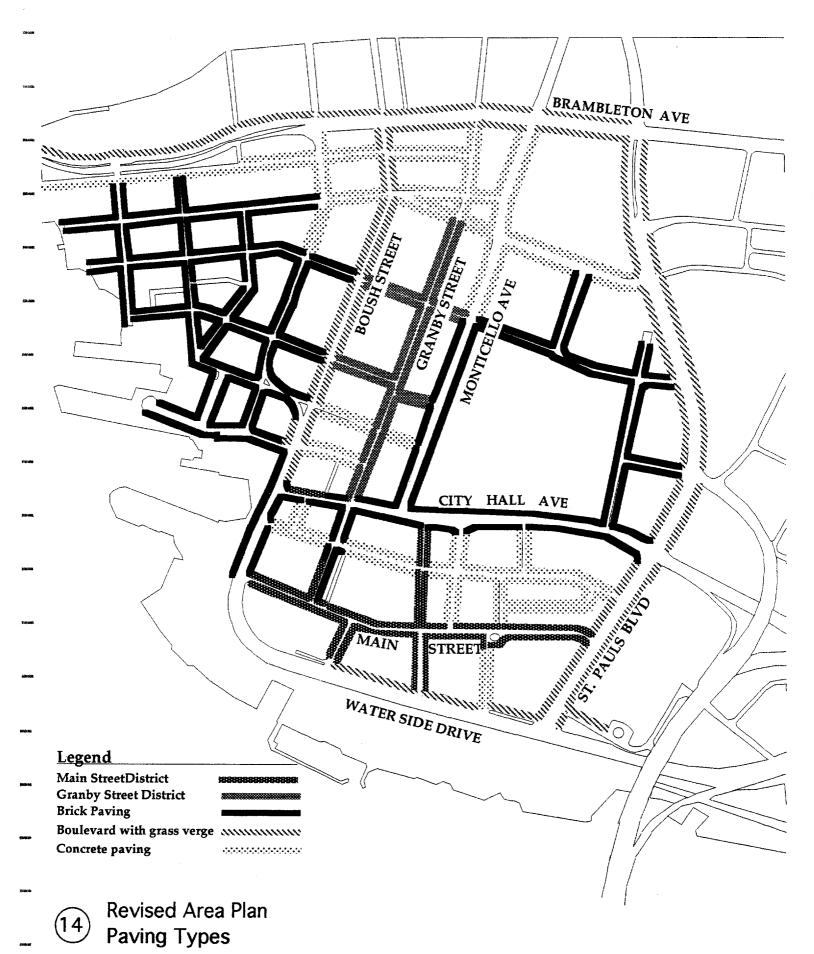
continue to have concrete sidewalks and brick-verges, similar to the existing brick verges on St. Paul's Boulevard.

(A portion of Waterside-Boulevard has concrete sidewalks and grass-

verges; these should remain as is.)

The majority of downtown streets, denoted as having brick-paved sidewalks on the map, will follow the downtown paving standard outlined above.





Page 22 Delete: Column 1, Lines 1-11

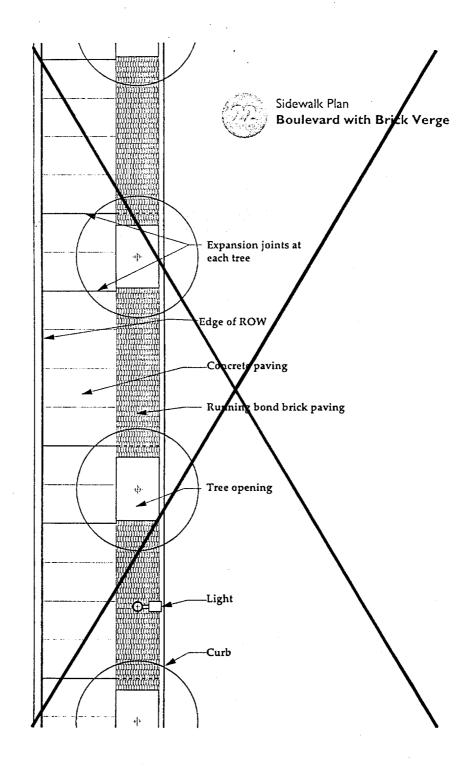
Insert: Illustration 22 shows a typical concrete sidewalk with grass verge on St. Paul's Boulevard, Brambleton Avenue, the north side of Waterside Drive and Union Street. A more detailed plan of the concrete paving with grass verge is shown in

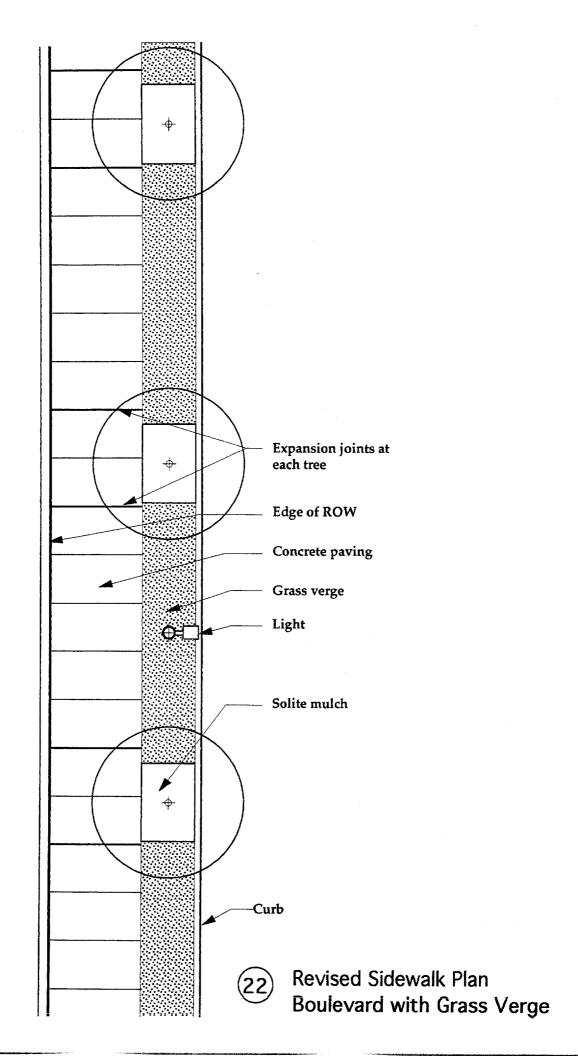
Illustration 25.

Delete: Illustration 22- Sidewalk Plan: Boulevard with Brick Verge. Insert: Illustration 22- Revised Sidewalk Plan: Boulevard with Grass Verge

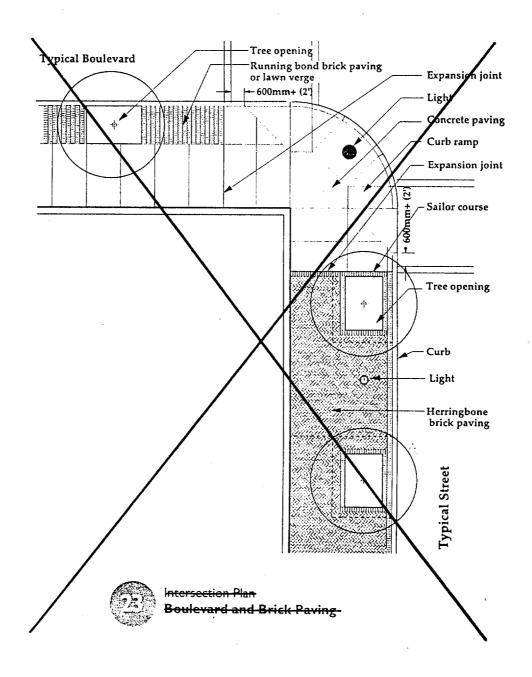
- Downtown Perimeter
 Streets or Boulevards
- Illustration 22 shows a typical concrete sidewalkon St. Paul's Boulevardand on Brambleton Avenue where there will be a verge of Cherokee light range, wire-cut brick, tight set, similar to installations already in place on parts of St. Paul's Boulevard. Illustration 23 shows a corner of a typical intersection with concrete sidewalks, and how this sidewalk meets the brick paving of the sidewalk at

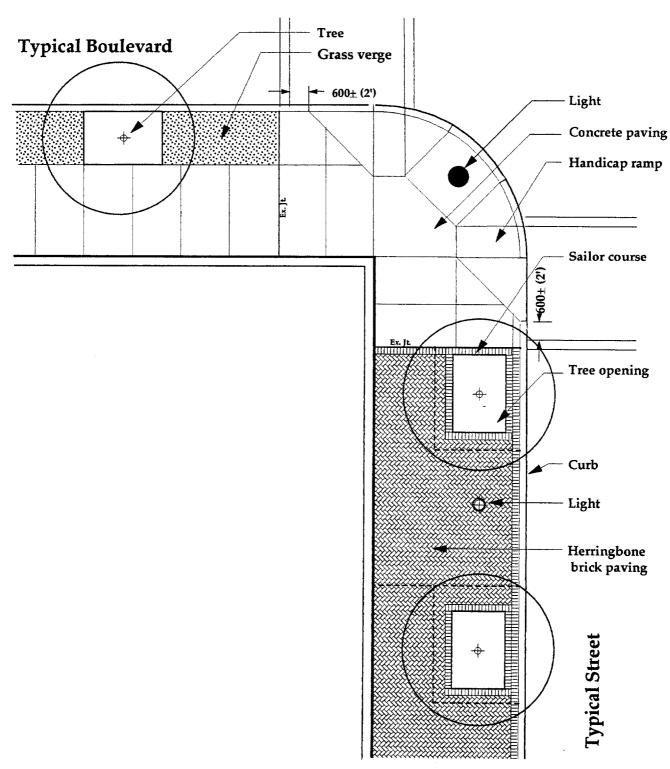
the intersecting street.





Page 23
Delete: Illustration 23- Intersection Plan: Boulevard and Brick Paving
Insert: Illustration 23- Revised Intersection Plan: Boulevard and Brick Paving





Revised Intersection Plan
Boulevard and Brick Paving

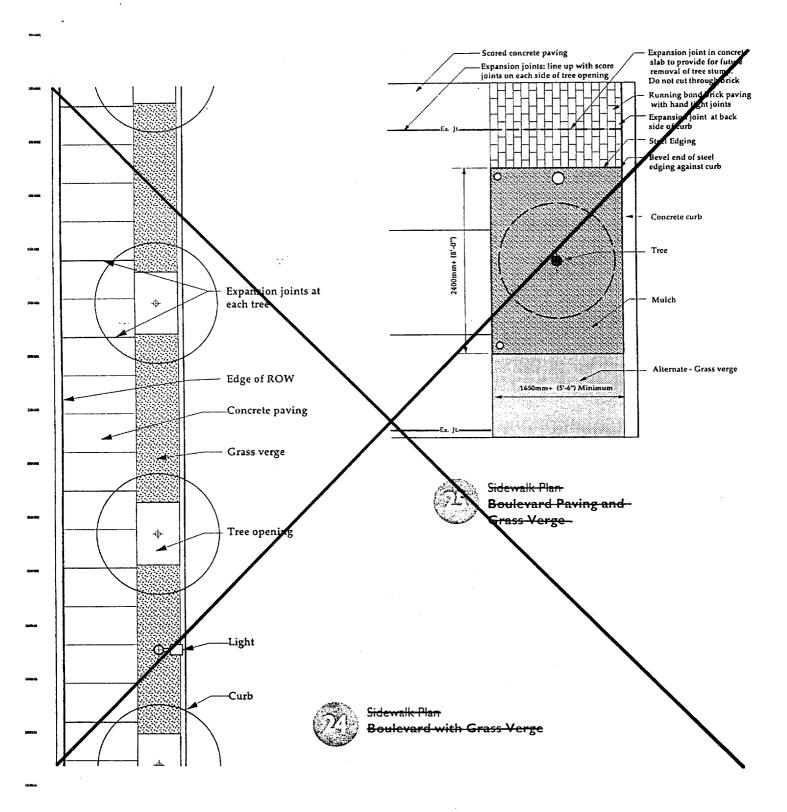
Page 24

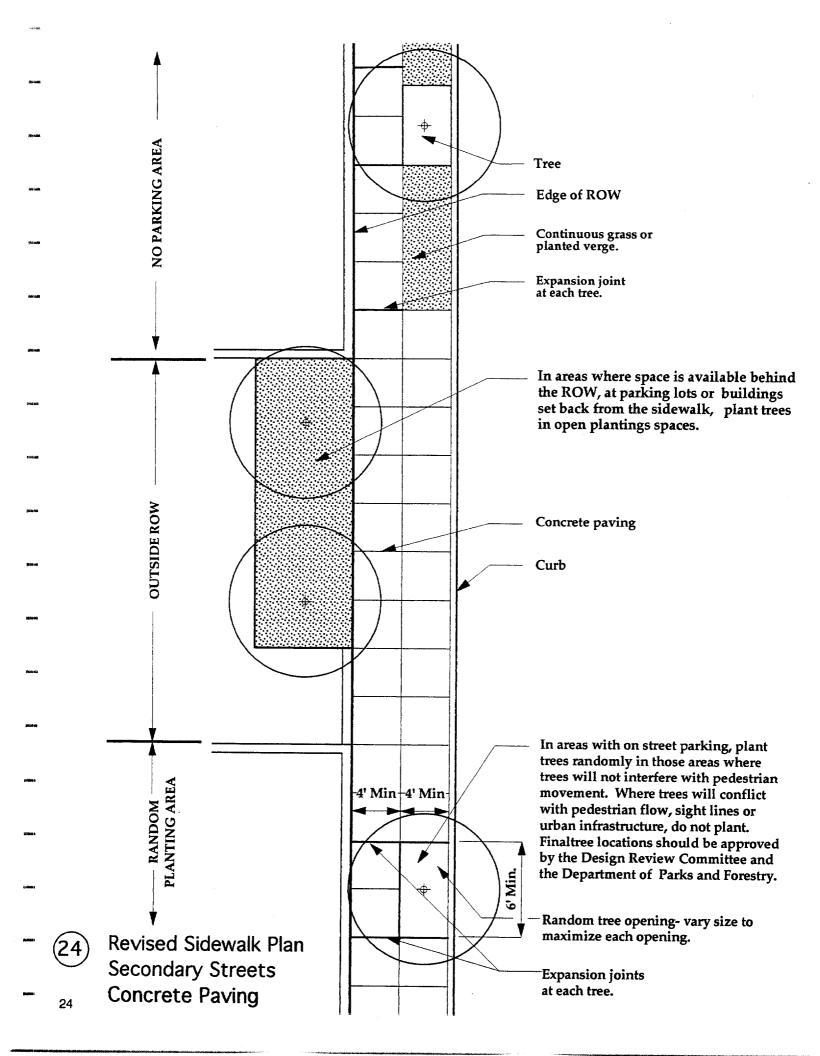
Delete: Illustration 24- Sidewalk Plan: Boulevard with Grass Verge

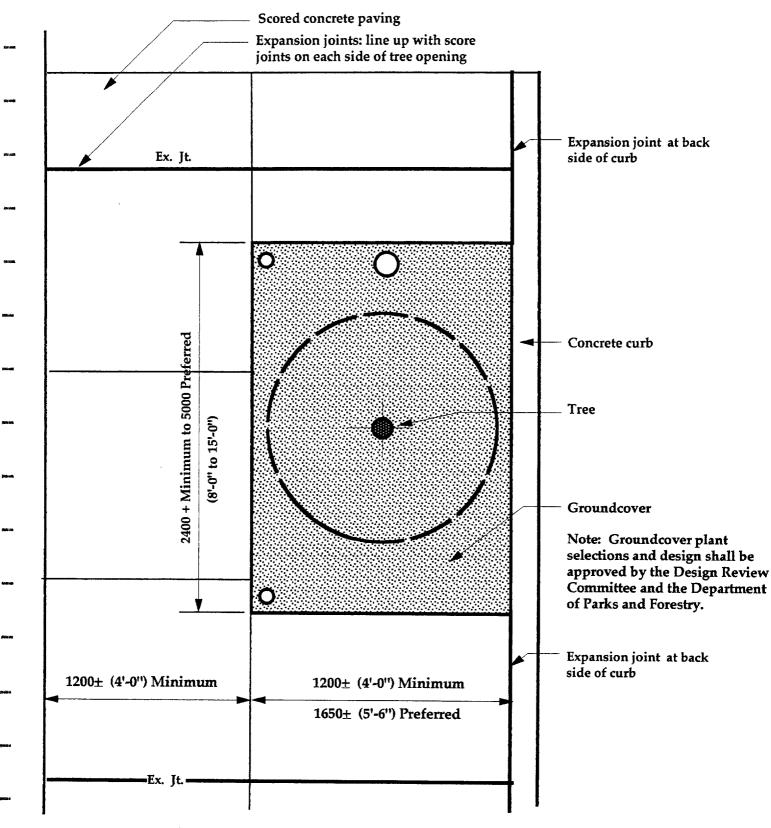
Insert: Illustration 24- Revised Sidewalk Plan: Secondary Streets: Concrete Paving

Delete: Illustration 25- Sidewalk Plan: Boulevard Paving with Grass Verge Insert: Illustration 25- Revised Sidewalk Plan: Secondary Streets: Tree in Concrete

Paving







Revised Sidewalk Plan
Secondary Streets
Tree in Concrete Paving

Page 25

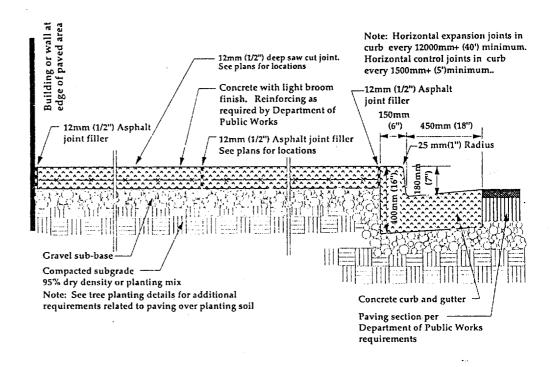
Delete: Column 1, Paragraph 1

Insert: On narrow secondary streets a concrete sidewalk as shown in illustration 24 is the standard paving material. Conditions vary on the secondary streets. Trees are optional. In areas where there is no on-street parking adjacent to the curb, plant street trees in a continuous grass or planted verge. Where there is planting space between the back edge of the sidewalk and the adjacent use, such as at a parking area or adequate building set back, plant the "street tree" in that planting space. Additional street trees in randomly spaced openings should be planted where ever possible. The tree openings may vary in width and length so that the opening is maximized for each tree. In these areas final locations should be approved by the Design Review Committee and the Department of Parks and Forestry. In some areas existing conditions will conflict with street trees. No trees should be planted on those streets where the sidewalks are under 8' wide, there are extensive underground utilities or there is a conflict with on-street parking or adjacent retail use. A more detailed plan of a tree opening in concrete paving is shown in illustration 25..

Delete: Column 1, Paragraph 2 Line 5 as indicated.

A concrete sidewalk and grass verge [24] is the standard on the north side of Waterside Drive and on Union Street: A more detailed plan of the concrete paving with a brick or grass verge is shown in illustration 25.

Illustration 26 shows a section through the paving and curb for a concrete sidewalk including expansion joints, and a diagram of the joint between concrete and brick paving on boulevards where there is a brick verge.





Note: all drawings in this publication are for illustration purposes only and are not intended to describe actual construction details.

Trees and Tree Planting

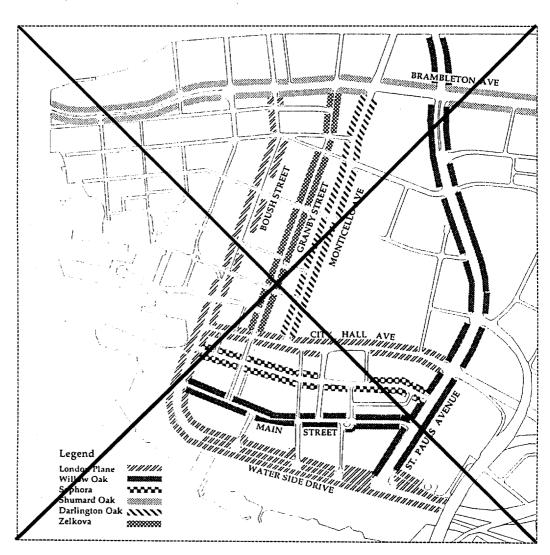
Page 26 Delete: Column 1, Paragraph 5

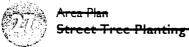
Delete: Illustration 27 Area Plan: Street Tree Planting Insert: Illustration 27: Revised Area Plan: Street Tree Planting

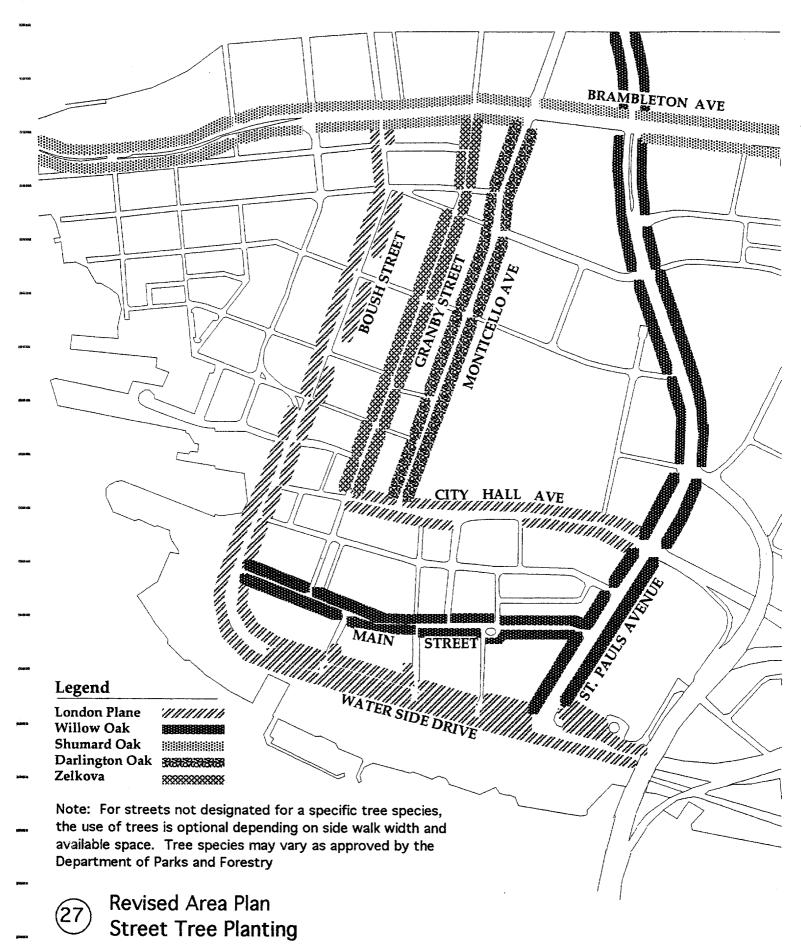
Trees and Tree Planting

- The map [27] shows that each of the most important downtown streets will be planted with its own distinctive tree species.
- Waterside Drive, City Hall
 Avenue and Bousli Street:
 London Plane Trees
- (Platanus x acerifolia
 "Bloodgood") which are
 currently planted on
 Waterside Drive.
- Main Street and
 St. Paul's Boulevard:
 Willow Oak (Quercus phellos), which are currently planted there.
- Brambleton Avenue:
- Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)

 Monticello Avenue:
- Darlington Oak (Quercus hemisphaerica "Darlington")
- Japanese Pagoda Tree
 (Sophora japonica
- "Regent") with the
 "Princeton Upright" variety (Sophora japonica
- "Princeton Upright") where the sidewalk is narrow.







Page 27
Delete: Street Tree Plant List: Primary Streets, Section 5: Plume Street

Street Tree Plant List

The table at right gives a supplemental list of tree species for use on other streets. Final tree selection is subject to the approval of Recreation, Parks and General Services and the Design Review Committee for all projects. Tree species not listed may be used on streets that have not been designated for a specific tree species with the approval of Recreation, Parks and General Services and the Design Review Committee.

Primary Streets

Waterside Drive, City Hall Avenue and Boush Street

Platanus x acerifolia 'Bloodgood' - London Plane Tree

St. Paul Boulevard and Main Street

Quercus phellos - Willow Oak

Brambleton Avenue

Quercus shumardii - Shumard Oak

Monticello Avenue

Quecus hemisphaerica "Darlington" - Darlington Oak

Plume Street

Sophora japonica 'Regent' Japanese Pagoda Tree Sophora japonica 'Princeton Upright' (in narrower areas)

Granby Street

Zelkova Serrata 'Green Vase' - Upright Zelkova

Note: Designated tree species for the primary streets may be revised with the approval of the Department of Recreation, Parks and General Services and the Design Review Committee

Supplemental List for use on Secondary Streets

Acer Buergeranum - Trident Maple

Acer campestre - Hedge Maple

Acer rubrum 'Red Sunset'

Betula nigra 'Heritage' - River Birch - (single stem only)

Celtis occidentalis - Common Hackberry

Celtis occidentalis 'Prairie Pride'- Prairie Pride Hackberry

Cercidiphyllum japonicum - Katsura tree

Ginkgo biloba - Ginkgo (male cultivars only)

Ilex attanuata - East Palatka Holly

Koelreuteria bipinnata - Bougainvillea Goldenraintree...

Koelreuteria paniculata - Goldenraintree

Liquidambar styrciflua 'Rotundiloba' - Seedless Sweetgum

Pistacia chinensis - Chinese Pistache

Platanus x acerifolia 'Bioodgood' - London Plane Tree

Platanus x acerifolia 'Columbia' - London Plane Tree

Platanus x acerifolia 'Liberty' - London Plane Tree

Pyrus calleryana 'Red Spire' Red Spire Pear

Pyrus calleryana 'Trinity' Trinity Pear

Quercus acutissima - Sawtooth Oak

Quercus hemisphaerica 'Darlington' - Darlington Oak

Quercus phellos - Willow Oak

Sophora japonica 'Princeton Upright'- Upright Sophora

Sophora japonica 'Regent'- Sophora

Taxodium distichum - Bald cypress

Tilia cordata 'Greenspire' - Little Leaf Linden

Ulmus americana 'Liberty' - Liberty Elm

Ulmus parvfolia - Lace Bark Elm

Zelkova serrata 'Village Green' - Zelkova

Note: Final tree selections of trees from this list for specific locations are subject to the approval of Division of Parks and Forestry for all projects.

Tree species not noted may be used subject to the approval of Divisions of Parks and Forestry and City Planning on a project by project basis.

Additions or deletions to the Supplemental List of Street Trees may be made with the approval of the Divisions of Parks and Forestry and City Planning.

Page 28

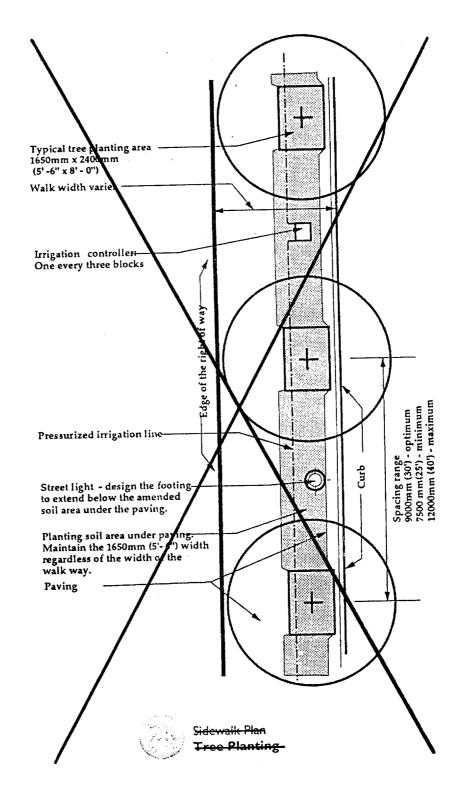
Column 1, Line 2 Planting Diagram as indicated Insert: - For Primary Streets

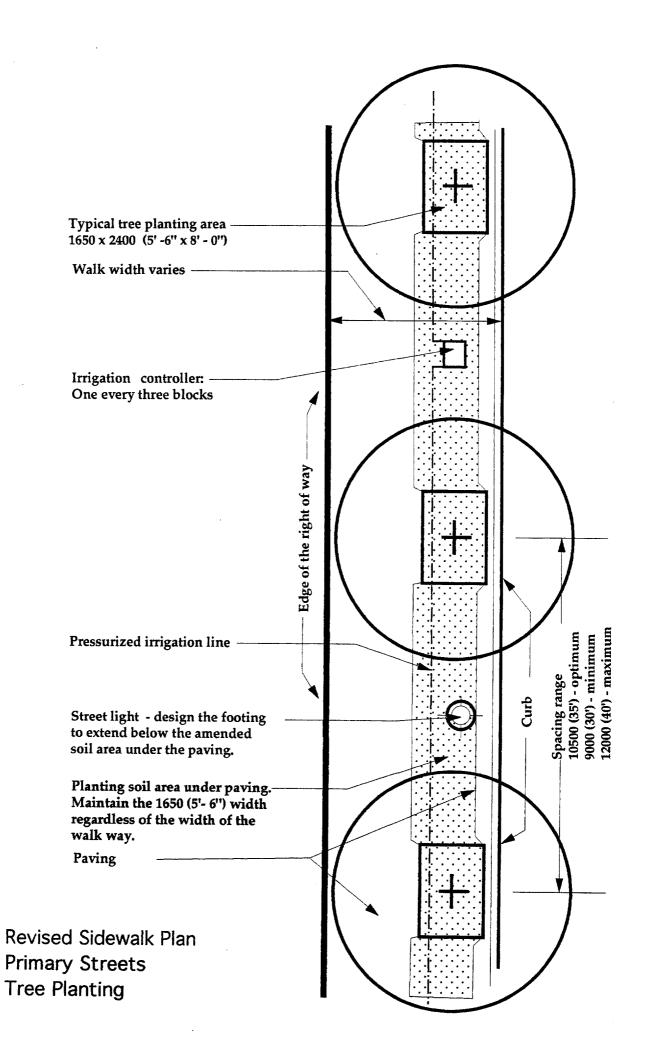
Delete: Illustration 28- Sidewalk Plan: Tree Planting Insert: Illustration 28- Revised Sidewalk Plan: Tree Planting

Typical Downtown Tree Planting Diagrams

As noted above, the new Downtown Standard eliminates tree grates. Wherever possible, the tree opening is moved back from the curb the width of two sailor courses of brick, so that people can step out of parked cars without stepping into the tree opening. Soil will be covered with solite gravel, or, with the approval of the Department of Recreation, Parks and General Services, planted with an evergreen ground

A zone of planting-soil 5' 6" wide underneath the concrete paving will connect the tree openings as shown in Illustration 28. There will also be a continuous pressurized irrigation line as shown. (The actual design of this system must be approved by the Department of Recreation, Parks and General Services.) Illustration 29 shows the tree-planting plan in more detail.

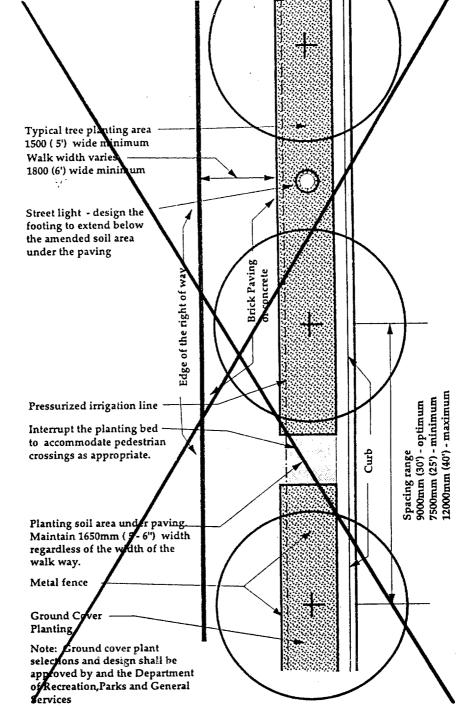




Tree Planting in the Optional Verge

Illustration 33 shows the sidewalk plan when trees are planted in the optional, continuous verge.

Illustrations 34 and 35 give details of the way trees should be planted in this verge.

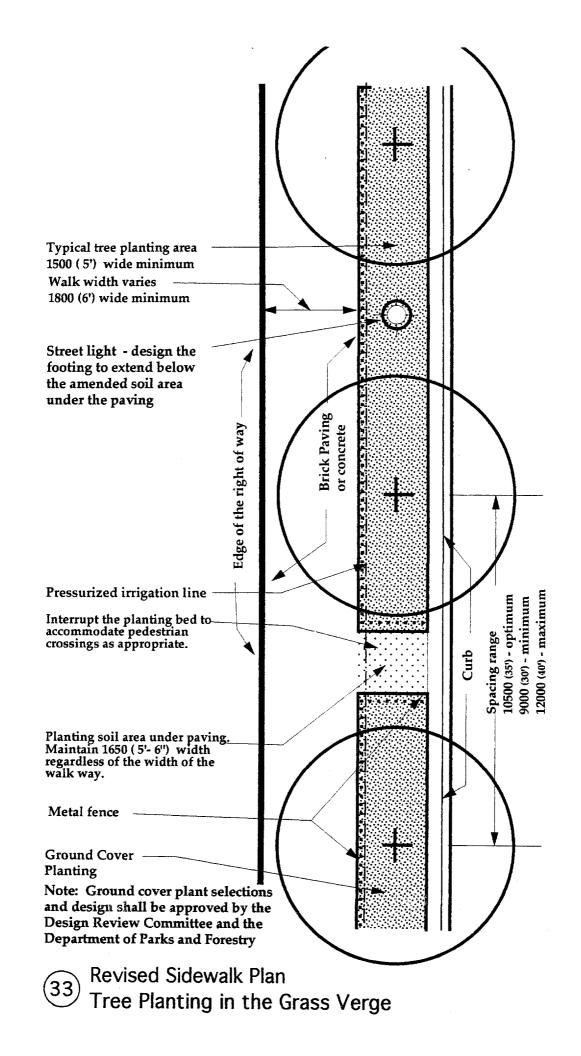




Sidewalk Plan

Tree Planting in the

Optional Verge



After Page 35

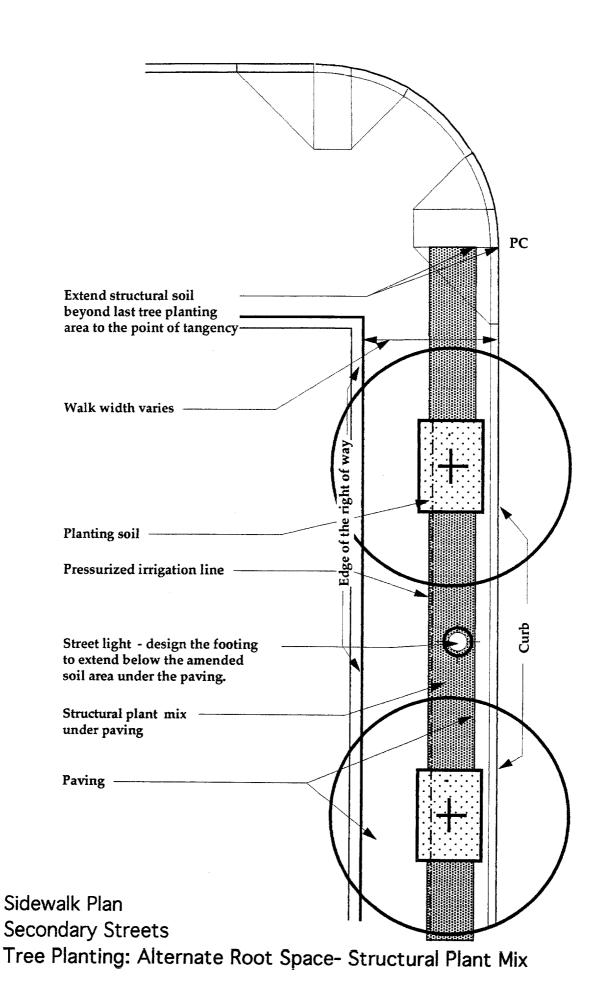
Insert: The following text

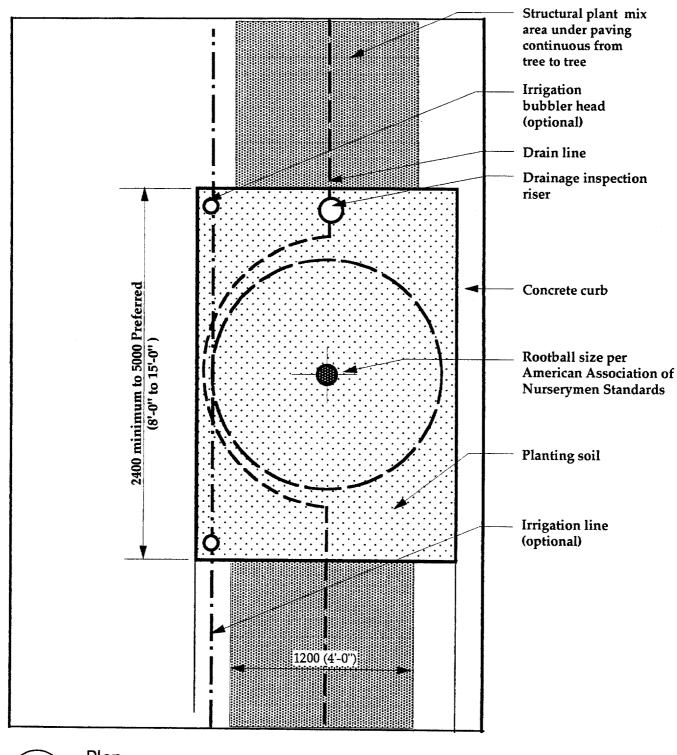
Tree Planting on Secondary Streets

On those secondary streets which are suitable for street trees, trees should be planted in a continuous grass verge where ever possible. In those areas where conditions will not permit a grass verge, trees should be planted in planting areas which have a minimum width of 4' and are 8' to 15' long. Tree planting areas will be planted with groundcover plants. The standard planting details for primary streets, shown in Illustrations 28 through 35, are the preferred planting details.

There are two alternatives when it is not possible to install a continuous planting soil area under the paving. In the first a $4' \times 2'$ shaft of structural plant mix beneath the concrete paving will connect the tree openings as shown in Illustrations 38a through 38d. The second option shown in Illustrations 38e through 38h consists of lines of parallel root paths under the paving between tree planting areas.

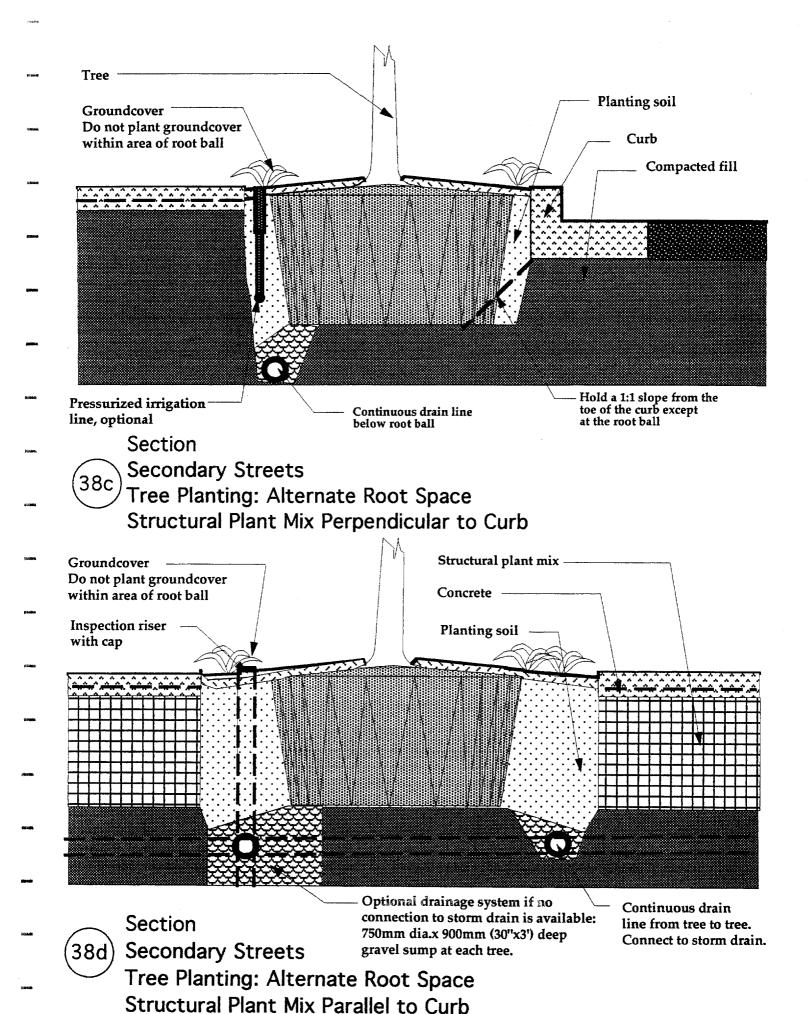
Insert Illustrations 38a through 38i

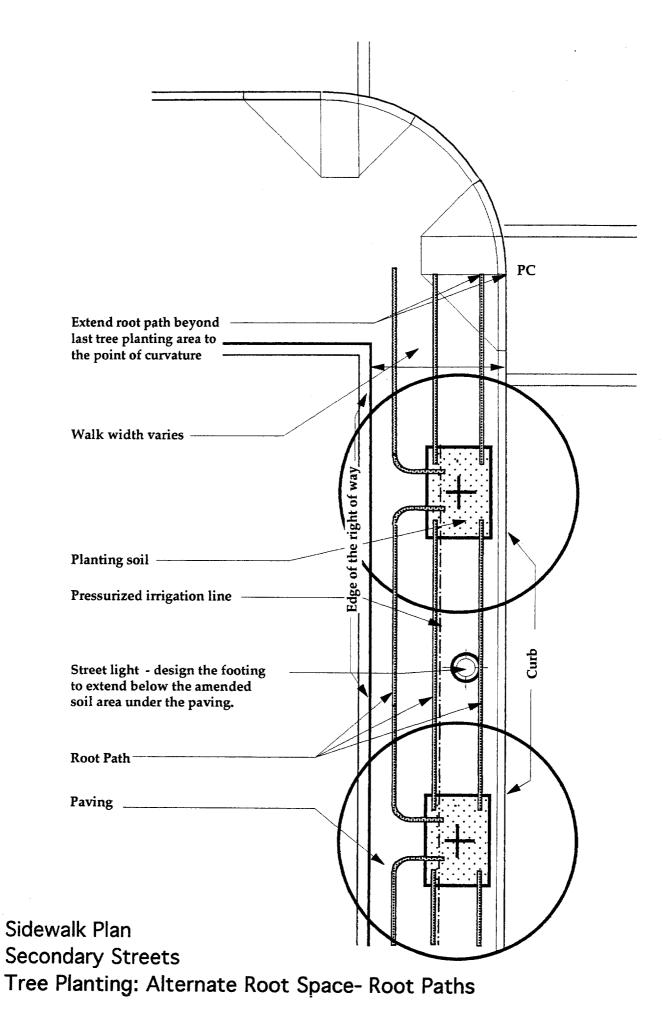


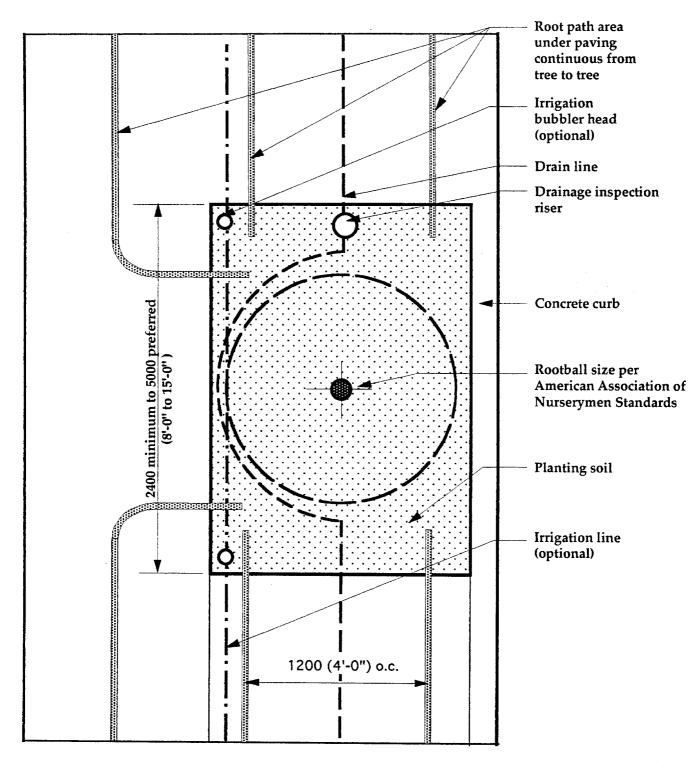


Plan
Secondary Streets
Tree Planting:

Alternate Root Space: Structural Plant Mix

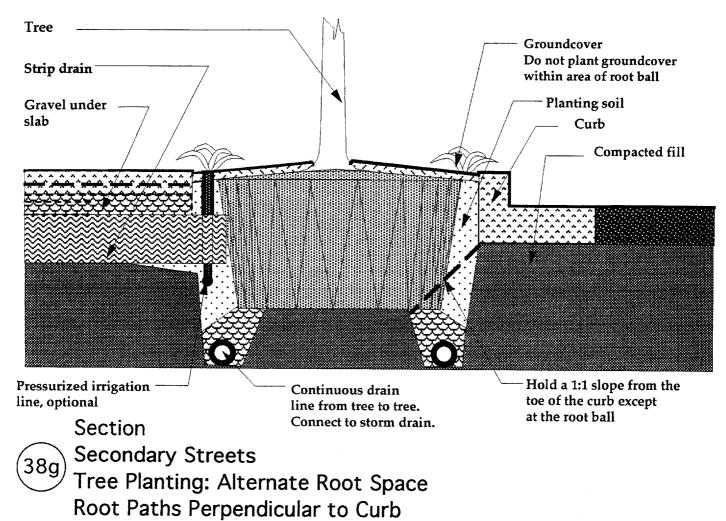


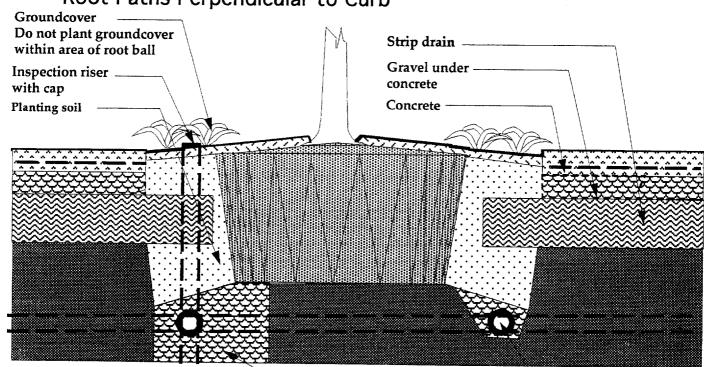




Plan
Secondary Streets
Tree Planting:

Alternate Root Space: Root Paths





Optional drainage system if no

gravel sump at each tree.

Alternate Root Space: Root Paths Parallel to Curb

750mm dia.x 900mm (30"x3") deep

connection to storm drain is available:

Continuous drain

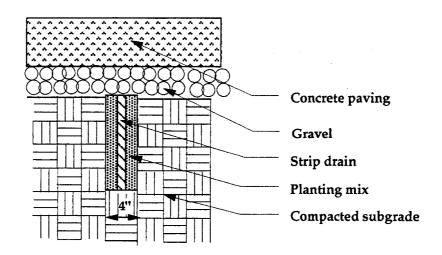
line from tree to tree.

Connect to storm drain.

Section

Secondary Streets

Tree Planting:



Page 39

After Paragraph 5 Insert:

Structural Plant Mix: A mixture of crushed stone, top soil, hydrogel and water mixed at approximately the following proportions as measured by units of weight:

Crushed Stone	100
Clay Topsoil	15-18
Hydrogel	0.03
Water	10

All material except water shall be measured using its calculated dry weight. Water weight shall include any water estimated to be in the stone or soil. Stone, soil, hydrogel and water shall be defined, mixed and installed in accordance with the Structural Plant Mix specification prepared by the City of Norfolk.

Root Path: Strip drain material set under the pavement in 4" wide by 12" deep trenches that connect from tree to tree to expand the rooting opportunity area for the tree. After the strip drain is set in the trench, backfill the remaining area of the trench with planting soil.

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